New Bill to strengthen Mugabe's hand

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Ruling-party legislators in Zimbabwe are pushing a newslate of constitutional amendments critics say are designed to strengthenageing and autocratic President Robert Mugabe.

A 22-clause Bill before Parliament, which reconvened onTuesday after a two-week break, will establish a 40-seat Senate, strip landowners of all rights of appeal if their property is seized and allow the government to deny its critics passports, lawyers say.

Government officials were not immediately available forcomment on Tuesday on the proposals. No date has been announced for Parliamentto debate them, but the House received 30 days' notice of its introduction amonth ago.

In a petition to legislators and judges, 100 of thecountry's top lawyers described the proposed amendments as "a directaffront to basic human rights norms" and "the greatest challengeyet" to the legal profession, the judiciary and the estimated 15-millionZimbabweans at home and abroad.

Jonathan Moyo, who was Mugabe's propaganda chief for fiveyears and is now the lone independent among Parliament's 150 members, said theproposed changes are part of the 81-year-old Mugabe's efforts to control whowill succeed him and when.

The main opposition Movement for Democratic Change isvowing to fight the Bill. But with just 41 lawmakers, opposition chief whipInnocent Gonese conceded the party won't be able to prevent the changes from coming into effect.

Mugabe's Zanu-PF claimed 78 of Parliament's 120 electedseats in a bitterly disputed March 31 election, and the president nominates anadditional 30 representatives.

Lawyers headed by law Professor Geoffrey Feltoe said intheir petition that Zimbabwe inherited a "fundamentally deficientConstitution" at independence from Britain in 1980 that is in urgent needof reform to strengthen its human rights protections.

The proposed Bill does the opposite, they argued.

It "seeks to remove fundamental rights to property, secure protection of the law and freedom of movement", the petition said.

Moyo said the move to establish a second House of Parliament and increase the government's powers of expropriation "buysMugabe the patronage he needs" after divisions within the ruling partyburst into the open over the appointment of Joyce Mujuru as SecondVice-President in December.

Moyo defected from the ruling party after losing his jobas information minister in a power struggle with Mugabe over Mujuru'sappointment to a position that places her in line to succeed the president.

He said he has no qualms about aligning with his formerrivals in the MDC to oppose the amendments.

Few details have been released about the proposed newchamber, except that it will represent traditional chiefs, retired politicians other eminent Zimbabweans.

The Bill will also give the government power to refusepassports on grounds of national interest, which lawyers argue could be used torestrict the movements of its critics.

It also closes the last legal recourse open to whitefarmers whose land has been designated for redistribution to black Zimbabweans. The effect will be to reduce land owners -- even in urban areas -- to"mere tenants at the will of the state", said Zimbabwe's Human RightsForum.

"The mere fact that a land owner has fallen frompolitical favour will be sufficient reason to expropriate his land," theforum said in a statement that predicted "disastrous economicresults".

Mugabe defends the often violent seizure of about5 000 white-owned commercial farms as a bid to right colonialeraimbalances in land ownership. But critics blame the so-called fast-track reformfor the collapse of Zimbabwe's agriculture-based economy.

About four million Zimbabweans now need food relief in acountry that was once a regional breadbasket, according to United Nationsfigures. The country is also facing the possibility of expulsion from theInternational Monetary Fund for failing to make payments on its \$300-millionarrears.

South African President Thabo Mbeki has reportedly beenpressing Mugabe to negotiate with the opposition to resolve the political andeconomic crisis gripping Zimbabwe as a condition for a \$1-billion bail-out. ButMugabe has ruled out any such talks.

Despite mounting pressure for reform, Gonese and Moyobelieve Mugabe's party won't hesitate to push through its constitutionalamendments.

"Zanu-PFis one of the most arrogant political parties. I do not believe they will waitat all, and we do not foresee any of their members breaking ranks," Gonesesaid. -- Sapa-AP