

Proposed Nuba Mountains Legislation will track Darfur law

H.R. 4169 in the U.S. Congress would (1) reiterate the findings of the U.S. Congress (unanimously as to Darfur) that the crimes in South Kordofan, Sudan and Darfur constituted genocide, (2) demand that the Government of Sudan permit free and unfettered access for international humanitarian aid throughout Sudan, including throughout Darfur, South Kordofan, Blue Nile, and Abyei, (3) call on the United States to seek other mechanisms to mitigate the effects of the lack of such humanitarian aid,

(4) expand the existing ban on all military flights over Darfur in Security Council Resolution 1591 (2005) to other areas of Sudan where serious human rights violations such as genocide are occurring, including in Abyei and the Nuba Mountains,(5) urge the Security Council to authorize a peacekeeping force to Abyei and the Nuba Mountains, (6) withdraw US foreign aid to any institution or person denying humanitarian aid to Abyei or the Nuba Mountains, and (7) withdraw US foreign aid on any country or official failing to execute the ICC genocide warrant against Omar al-Bashir.

For supportive information on the extension of the scorched-earth genocide policy and food and medicine blockade in Darfur to other non-Arab populations in Abyei, the Nuba Mountains and Blue Nile State,